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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/798,401	(	03/12/2004	Naoya Kamimura	119066 6066	
25944	7590	11/17/2005		EXAMINER	
OLIFF & B	ERRIDG	E, PLC	VARGAS, DIXOMARA		
P.O. BOX 19	928				
ALEXANDR	IA. VA	22320	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•				2859	

DATE MAILED: 11/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<del></del>		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/798,401	KAMIMURA, NAOYA		
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		Dixomara Vargas	2859		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
WHIC - Exte after - if NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period warre to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  11 apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D. (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status					
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>12 Au</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro	·		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ 8)□ <b>Applicati</b> 9)□ 10)⊠	Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-20 is/are pending in the app 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-7 and 9-20 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or on Papers The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on 12 March 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the d Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	vn from consideration.  relection requirement.  n) □ accepted or b) □ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is objected to the drawing(s) is o	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119  12) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. △ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.  2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
2)	(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Dal 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	e		

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6, 9-15 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshikawa (JP 2001-142279) in view of Nomura et al. (US 6,708,011 B2).

With respect to claims 1, 12 and 17, Yoshikawa discloses an image forming apparatus comprising (Figure 1): an endless belt (#21) configured to be rotatably driven (Fig. 1); a plurality of image carriers (#11) disposed in a moving direction of the endless belt (Fig. 1); a plurality of charging units (#12), a charging unit provided for each image carrier of the plurality of image carriers and configured to uniformly charge a surface of an associated image carrier (Fig. 1); a plurality of exposing units, each exposing unit (#13) configured to expose an associate image carrier of the plurality of image carriers charged by the associated charging unit to form an electrostatic latent image on each image carrier of the plurality of image carriers (Fig. 1); and a plurality of developing units (#14), a developing unit provided for each image carrier of the plurality of image carriers and configured to develop the electrostatic latent image on an associated image carrier with a developer of different color to form a developer image (Fig. 1); wherein the endless belt is configured to transfer the developer image formed on each image carrier of the plurality of image carriers to form a color image (Fig. 1), the developing unit

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provided at a most upstream position with respect to the moving direction of the endless belt forms the developer image with a developer of black color (Fig. 1).

In addition, Yoshikawa discloses the claimed invention above except for each developing unit configured to be separable from the associated image carrier and detachable from the image forming apparatus. However, Nomura discloses each developing unit configured to be separable from the associated image carrier and detachable from the image forming apparatus (Abstract)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have each developing unit configured to be separable from the associated image carrier and detachable from the image forming apparatus as taught by Nomura with Yoshikawa's image forming apparatus for the purpose of improving the integrity of maintenance and cutting running cost as taught by Nomura (Column 3, lines 1-3). In addition, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a developing unit separable from the image carrier, since it has been held that constructing a formerly integral structure in various elements involves only routing skill in the art. Nerwin v. Erlichman, 168

USPQ 177, 179. Therefore, one skilled in the art would have a developing unit separable from the image carrier in order to suit the needs of the user of the device.

- 3. With respect to claims 2 and 13, Yoshikawa discloses the developing unit provided at the most upstream position retrieves residual developer on the endless belt by electrically moving the residual developer (Fig. 1).
- 4. With respect to claims 3 and 14, Yoshikawa discloses a developer charging unit that charges the developer on the endless belt in a reverse polarity to a charging polarity of the developer (translation, paragraph 19).

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5. With respect to claims 4 and 15, Yoshikawa discloses the image forming apparatus operates in a plurality of modes including; a normal mode in which the developer on the endless belt is charged by the developer charging unit and electrically moved to the image carrier provided at the most upstream position in a state where the image carrier provided at the most upstream position is exposed to light by the exposing unit (translation, abstract) and a cleaning mode in which the developer on the endless belt is charged by the developer charging unit and electrically moved to the image carrier provided on the most upstream in a state where the image carrier provided at he most upstream is not exposed to light by the exposing unit (translation, abstract).

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- 6. With respect to claim 5, Yoshikawa discloses a retrieval restoring unit (#50) that temporarily retrieves the developer on the endless belt and restoring the retrieved developer onto the endless belt (Fig. 1).
- 7. With respect to claim 6, Yoshikawa discloses a bias generating unit (translation, paragraph 49) that applies a bias generating a potential difference to move the developer on the endless belt to the image carrier (translation, paragraph 49).
- 8. With respect to claims 9 and 18, Yoshikawa discloses the developing unit comprises a developer carrier (#15) disposed to be in contact with the image carrier (Fig. 1) and carries the developer for forming the developer image by developing an electrostatic image on the image carrier (Fig. 1) and the developer carrier is configured to retrieve residual developer on the image carrier (Fig. 1).
- 9. With respect to claims 10 and 19, Yoshikawa discloses the developing unit comprises a developer supplying unit (#15) disposed to be in contact with the developer carrier and supplies

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the developer onto the developer carrier while charging the developer and the developer of black color is configured to be more chargeable than developers of other colors (Fig. 1).

- 10. With respect to claims 11 and 20, Yoshikawa discloses the developing unit employs a polymerized toner as the developer (translation, paragraph 8).
- 11. Claims 7 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoshikawa (JP 2001-142279) and Nomura et al. (US 6,708,011 B2) in view of Omata et al. (US 6,442,356 B2).

With respect to claims 7 and 16, Yoshikawa and Nomura disclose the claimed invention as stated above in paragraph 2, except for a charging unit disposed to be in non-contact with the associate image carrier. However, Omata discloses a charging unit disposed to be in non-contact with the associate image carrier (Fig. 1, charging unit #32). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have a charging unit disposed to be in non-contact with the associate image carrier as taught by Omata with Yoshikawa and Nomura image forming device for the purpose of having an alternate type of charging unit which will performs the same function.

### Response to Arguments

12. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7 and 9-20 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dixomara Vargas whose telephone number is (571) 272-2252. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Thursday from 8:00 am. to 4:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Diego Gutierrez can be reached on (571) 272-2245. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Dixomara Vargas

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November 9, 2005

Diego Gutierrez

Supervisory Patent Examiner Technology Center 2800